

# VMA Tappa 3: Belveglio - Castelnuovo Calcea

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**Utilization** Hiking

**Official itinerary** No

**Length** 12.50 km

**Tempo** 4 hours 10 minutes

**Stage** 3

**Ascent elevation gain** 110 m

**Difficulty** Touristic

## INFORMAZIONI

**Region**

Piemonte

**Country**

Italy

**Address**

Belveglio

14040 Belveglio AT

Italy

## **Coordinates** POINT

(8.32922 44.83094)

**Altitude** 140 m

### **Arrival address**

Castelnuovo Calcea  
14040 Castelnuovo Calcea AT  
Italy

### **Arrival coordinates** POINT

(8.28475 44.78822)

**Arrival altitude** 247 m

## **Descrizione**

The route start from the hills of Belveglio from which we proceed southwards for about 7 km and going up in altitude we arrive in the territories of Vinchio, altitude 261 m., famous for the production of wine and for many events connected to it. The village is of considerable importance as it is the intersection of three streets of Roman origin (Ramaudio, Luparia and Fonsmagna). The predominantly hilly area is famous for the cultivation of both white and red grapes. The natural area of Val Sarmassa is also of considerable importance. The area contains paleontological and naturalistic features typical of the Asti area. The place has a lot of importance from the landscape and historical-literary point of view too: in fact, in these

areas

many of the stories told by Davide Lajolo, a well-known journalist and writer born in

Vinchio, are set. You then cross the territory of Vinchio, whose first historical evidence dates back to 948 AD, to then continue towards Noche for about 3.5 km. From

the hamlet of Noche it is possible to walk along the 3A path variant that leads to

San Marzano Oliveto. The stage then goes towards its conclusion continuing for about

6.5 km arriving in the historical center of Castelnuovo Calcea. The name derives from

the name 'Castrum Novum' (new camp), while Calcea da 'ad calcarias' (topped up road),

which could have been the Roman road that often required reinforcement works. After

the Gauls and the Celts on the lands where Castelnuovo rises, the Lombards and the

Franks dominated. Before being ceded to the House of Savoia in 1735, it was part of

the Duchy of Milan. The village rises in a panoramic position, from where you can

admire the countless hills cultivated with vineyards that supply some of the most

renowned wines of the territory: Barbera, Grignolino, Cortese and Dolcetto.

**Public transport access** No

**Recommended period**

All Year round

All the year

**Accessible to people with disabilities** No

**Devotional relevance** No

**Historical relevance** No

## **DETTAGLI**

**Local Tourist Agency (LTA) reference** [ATL Langhe Monferrato Roero](#)

**Code** VMA

**Classification** Provincial - Mid and Low Altitude

**Province**

Asti

**Ultima data di aggiornamento** 15/12/2023

**Itinerary index** No

**Province names** Asti