

Home

GTL - Grande Traversata delle Langhe - Leg 9A: Serravalle Langhe - Cerretto Langhe

Utilization

Hiking

Official itinerary

No

Length

7.50 km

Tempo

1 hour 50 minutes

Stage

9

Ascent elevation gain

401 m

Descent elevation loss

488 m

Difficulty

Hiking

Informazioni

Region

Piemonte

Country

Italy

Address

Serravalle Langhe

SP32 - Strada Provinciale 32

12050 Serravalle Langhe CN

Italy

## Coordinates

POINT (8.060297 44.556667)

Altitude

740 m

Arrival address

Cerretto Langhe

Piazza Giovanni Sobrero

12050 Cerretto Langhe CN

Italy

Arrival coordinates

POINT (8.097833 44.5745)

Arrival altitude

655 m

Access

By car, motorways:

A6 – Torino Savona, Marene or Carmagnola exit

A21 – Torino Piacenza, Asti Est exit

A33 – Asti Cuneo, Alba exit

By plane:

Milano Malpensa and Linate – [www.sea-aeroportoimilano.it](http://www.sea-aeroportoimilano.it)

Torino Caselle – [www.aeroportoitorino.it](http://www.aeroportoitorino.it)

Cuneo Levaldigi – [www.aeroporto.cuneo.it](http://www.aeroporto.cuneo.it)

By train:

Ferrovie dello Stato: [www.trenitalia.com](http://www.trenitalia.com)

## Descrizione

*A variation of the central hillcrest route of the GTL, this section takes you as far as Albaretto Torre on a circuit that will bring you back to the starting point. This first section of the itinerary stops at Cerretto Langhe.*

Leave the village of **Serravalle Langhe** and follow the main highway to Bossolasco for about 100 metres. At the first crossroads, take the road on the left to the hamlet of Villa and follow along a secondary crest along the Belbo Valley. Ignore a few side roads to the right and pass a farm and, at Castellero, the old church of San Michele Arcangelo, a small jewel that has survived from the old settlement, that features a lovely, Romanesque apse from the 13th century and a vibrant Baroque façade that has recently been restored.

The panoramic road descends gradually to a group of livestock buildings. At the next curve, just outside the hamlet of Villa (the original centre of the village, which is worth a visit), turn to the right onto an ample gravel road that runs down to Cascina Castelvecchio. From the clearing before the courtyard, continue along the dry-stone wall at the left edge for a few metres. As you enter the woods, stay near the crest and then descend through a number of switchbacks. The switchbacks mitigate the descent, but loose rock and a few sections with rock outcroppings in the terrain, looking a bit like stairs, make this section somewhat difficult.

Follow the beaten trail until you reach some abandoned fields surrounding Cascina Barilotto. From the houses, the trail continues to the left along the flat for a long section and then descends quickly to the base of the Belbo Valley. When you reach the shore of Rio Lavagello, cross the stream carefully and head back up to the left to the next plateau, then take the uphill trail to the right. This trail heads up to the remains of the Lavagello homes. Continue past these homes and pine trees along a lovely stone path. You will soon come to an easier dirt road. Follow this road to the right, along the hillside, for a long section of false flat, through untamed woods overlooking the Belbo Valley.

When you reach a crossroads, head up to the left for a few metres. Leaving the sunny side behind you, enter the cool of the woods of chestnut and beech trees on the northern face. A few climbs will take you higher again to a modest saddle in the hill, from where you will see the village of Cerretto Langhe atop the next crest. Continue along the flat, then, after a short descent, cross a small stream. The road continues in a wide semi-circle and heads back up the opposite side of the hill. A final section of steep climb will take you to the quaint Sottana square in **Cerretto Langhe**.

You can't talk about Cerretto without first talking about "*pallapugno*" (a.k.a. *pallone elastico*, or simply *balon* in the local dialect), a local sport with such a strong tradition. This beautiful stone village features a number of lovely buildings, particularly the Church of Sant' Andrea (circa 13th century) with its Romanesque bell tower and late-Gothic frescos (from the Mondovì school), remnants of a history of wealth and great works of art.

In the 1800s, in place of the destroyed castle, local genius, Giovan Battista Schellino was commissioned to design the village's new church and brought a bit of his neo-Gothic vision to this medieval town. The building is truly remarkable and brings a bit of majesty back to this mound of earth where once there were towers, ramparts, parapet walkways and bridges.

Public transport access

Yes

[Http://Www.grandabus.it/Tpl\\_orari.asp](http://Www.grandabus.it/Tpl_orari.asp)

## Recommended period

Spring

Summer

Fall

March - November

## Accessible to people with disabilities

No

## Interest points

Serravalle Langhe : Palazzo Marchionale , Chiesa di San Michele , Chiesa di Santa Maria Vergine Assunta .

Devotional relevance

No

Historical relevance

No

Dettagli

Local Tourist Agency (LTA) reference

[ATL Langhe Monferrato Roero](#)

Code

GTL

Classification

Provincial - Mid and Low Altitude

Province

Cuneo

Ultima data di aggiornamento

15/12/2023

Altre info

Accommodation facilities

[Cascina castellera](#)

[Cascina filipot](#)

[Corte di LANGA](#)

[Del bivio](#)

[Il sole e la luna](#)

[La casetta](#)

[Sogni di LANGA](#)

Tappe

Variant

A

Itinerary index

No

Province names

Cuneo